

## Package of Practices (PoP) for Vegetable cultivation in Andaman and Nicobar Islands 2014







## Marsa bhaji/ Amaranthus

(Amranthus spp.)

Season It is a warm season crop adapted to the conditions of hot, humid

tropics. Amaranthus can be grown round the year in different

growing conditions.

Variety CARI AMA-Green, CARI- AMA-Red, Arka Suguna, Pusa Kiran, Pusa Kirti,

Pusa Lal Chauai, CO 1, CO 2, CO 3.

Soil Well drained organically rich and fertile loamy soil.

**Sowing time** It can be grown round the year in staggered planting. But avoid the

heavy rains or excess dry days.

Seed rate 2 - 2.5 Kg/ha for direct sowing.

Soil

preparation

The soil is prepared by ploughing 2 to 3 times and then levelling by planking. Raised beds are suggested for rainy season cultivation of

amaranths. Line sowing is ideal for weeding and intercultural operations for multi-harvesting. While for single harvesting broadcasting is common

sowing method.

**Spacing** Broadcast method or by drilling in lines 20-30 cm apart and 5 cm plant

to plant. Sowing should be done by mixing with sand or well decomposed

FYM.

It should be given at regular intervals of 2-3 days. Sprinkling or furrow

irrigation is common for amaranthus cultivation in islands.

Intercultural

operations

Hand weeding is a common practice. Weedingshould be done 10-15 days

after sowing and remove weeds from harvested bunch of plants.

Manuring Fertiliser

Application of 20-25 tonnes/ha of Farm yard manure.

Application of 20 kg N, 50 kg  $P_2O_5$  and 20 kg  $K_2O$ /ha is recommended as

basal dose only. If multi-harvesting is practiced, than 15-20 kg nitrogen

should be broadcasted in the plot at every time.

Disease and its control

Leaf spot is common disease but it is rare in single harvest crops.

Similarly, leaf hopper and leaf minor also appear in old plants and single

harvest and their infestation is also negligible in properly maintained

amaranthus crop.

**Harvesting** First cutting can be obtained in 3-4 weeks after sowing, and subsequent

cuttings are made at weekly intervals.

Yield Intercropping with other 75-100 quintals/ha with single harvest to 200-250 q/ha with 3-4 harvests.

It grows well as intercrop in any of the plantations like coconut,

arecanut, fruit crops and maize, brinjal, chilli, cucurbits.

crops